UCDAVIS
HEALTHCenter for Professional
Practice of Nursing

Summary of High-Quality CPR Components

The American Heart Association's 2020 Guidelines

Component	Adults	Age	Children 1 year to Puberty	Infants Birth to 1 year
Scene Safety	Make sure the scene is safe for you and the victim			
Assess	Check for responsiveness No breathing or only gasping No pulse felt in 10 seconds Breathing & Pulse can be checked at same time in less than 10 seconds			
Activate Emergency Response System	If you are alone with no mobile phone, leave the victim to activate the emergency response system and get the AED If you are not alone, send someone to activate the Emergency response system. Begin CPR immediately. Use AED as soon as it		Witnessed Arrest: If you are alone with no mobile phone, leave the child to activate the emergency response system and get the AED before beginning CPR. Otherwise, send someone and begin CPR immediately: use the AED as soon as it is available Unwitnessed Arrest: Give 2 minutes of CPR Leave the child to activate the emergency response system and get the AED Return to the child and resume CPR: use the AED as soon as it is available	
Compression – ventilation ratio <u>without</u> advanced airway	arrives. 1 or 2 Rescuers: 30:2			1 Rescuer 30:2 2 Rescuer 15:2
Compression ventilation ratio <u>with</u> advanced airway	Continuous compressions: rate of 100-120/minute Adults: Give 1 breath every 6 seconds (10 breaths/minute) Infants & Children: 1 breath every 2-3 seconds (20-30 breaths/minute)			
Compression rate	100 – 120 compressions/minute Compression depth should be no more than 2.4 inches			
Compression depth	At least 2 inches	hes At least 1/3 depth of chest About 2 inches		At least 1/3 depth of chest About 1 ½ inches
Hand placement	2 hands-on lower half of breastbone	1 or 2 hands on the lower half of the breastbone		 1 Rescuer: 2 Finger technique, 2 Thumb-Encircling technique or heel of 1 hand 2 Rescuer: 2 Thumb-Encircling technique Just below the nipple line
Chest recoil	Allow full recoil after each chest compression			
Minimizing interruptions	Keep interruptions in chest compressions to less than 10 seconds			
Rescue breathing	Adults: 1 breath every 6 seconds (10 breaths/minute) Infants & Children: 1 breath every 2-3 seconds (20-30 breaths/minute)			