



## Andrew I. Chin, M.D.

<b>Clinical Interests</b>	Dr. Chin is interested in the care of those with kidney diseases. This includes individuals with chronic kidney disease, inflammatory kidney conditions, as well as adults on long-term dialysis. He also devotes much of his time to the education and training of residents and fellows.
<b>Research/Academic Interests</b>	Dr. Chin's research focuses on clinical aspects of dialysis, including vascular access and dialysis treatment adequacy, as well as the progression of chronic kidney disease.
<b>Title</b>	Professor, Health Science
<b>Specialty</b>	Internal Medicine, Nephrology
<b>Department</b>	<a href="#">Internal Medicine</a>
<b>Division</b>	Nephrology
<b>Address/Phone</b>	Lawrence J. Ellison Ambulatory Care Center, Nephrology Clinic, 4860 Y St. Suite 0200 Sacramento, CA 95817 <b>Phone:</b> 916-734-3761
<b>Additional Phone</b>	Physician Referrals: 800-4-UCDAVIS (800-482-3284)
<b>Education</b>	M.D., UC Davis School of Medicine, Sacramento CA 1995 B.A., Princeton University, Princeton NJ 1991
<b>Internships</b>	Internal Medicine, Scripps Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, San Diego CA 1995-1996
<b>Residency</b>	Internal Medicine, Scripps Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, San Diego CA 1996-1998 Chief Resident - Internal Medicine, Scripps Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, San Diego CA 1998-1999
<b>Fellowships</b>	Nephrology, UC Davis Medical Center, Sacramento CA 1999-2001
<b>Board Certifications</b>	American Board of Internal Medicine American Board of Internal Medicine, Nephrology
<b>Honors and Awards</b>	Resident of the Year, Teaching Award, Scripps Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, 1998
<b>Select Recent Publications</b>	Wang J, Nguyen TA, Chin AI, Ross JL. Treatment of tunneled dialysis catheter malfunction: revision versus exchange. J Vascular Access. 2016.



## Andrew I. Chin, M.D.

Chin AI, Nguyen TA, Dinesh KP, Morfin JA. Late acceleration of glomerular filtration rate decline is a risk for hemodialysis catheter use in patients with established nephrology chronic kidney disease care. *Hemodial Int.* 2015 Jul;19(3):379-85.

Kaysen GA, Chin A. If oxidative stress is an appropriate and specific target, what reagent should we choose? *J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2014 Mar;25(3):427-9.

Chin AI, Dalrymple LS. Ideal cardiovascular health and progression of CKD: perhaps not so 'simple'. *J Am Soc Nephrol.* 2013 Jun;24(7):1031-3.

Chang DN, Dager WE, Chin AI. Removal of dabigatran by hemodialysis. *Am J Kidney Dis.* 2013 Mar;61(3):487-9.

Chin AI, Raffo WR, Yang X, and Madison JR. Evolution of hemodialysis access resistance: a longitudinal 5-year model using functional principal components analysis. *Int J Artif Organs.* 2009; 32(12):864-71.

Chin AI Renal acid-base balance and renal tubular acidosis, Chapter In: *Urinary Stone Disease: the practical guide to medical and surgical management.* Ed. By Stoller and Meng. The Humana Press, Inc., 2007.

Chin AI and Yeun JY. Encapsulating Peritoneal Sclerosis: An Unpredictable and Devastating Complication of Peritoneal Dialysis. *American Journal of Kidney Diseases.* 2006;47(4): 697-712.

Morfin JA and Chin AI. Urinary Oxalate Crystals in Ethylene Glycol Intoxication. *New England*



## Andrew I. Chin, M.D.

Journal of Medicine. 2005;353(24), e21.

Chin AI, Chang W, Fitzgerald JT, Schanzer A, Perez RV, McVicar JP and Troppmann C. Intra-access blood flow in patients with newly created upper arm arteriovenous native fistulae for hemodialysis access. American Journal of Kidney Diseases. 2004;44(5):850-58.

© 2018 UC Regents